

Multi-platform integrated assessment for the sustainability of Bluefin Tuna in the Mediterranean Sea

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Principle





Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

"The Blue Economy is a knowledge based economy looking to the sea, not really for extraction of natural goods but for data to address societal challenges and inspire solutions" (R. Spinrad, NOAA).

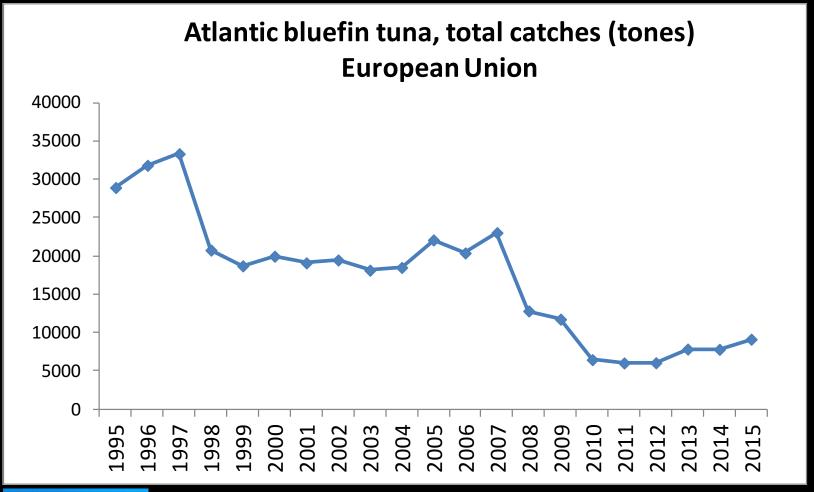
Market sectors



Fishing: Sustainable fisheries

R&D: Research & Tools for assessment and management

End users





Assessment & Management (TACs)



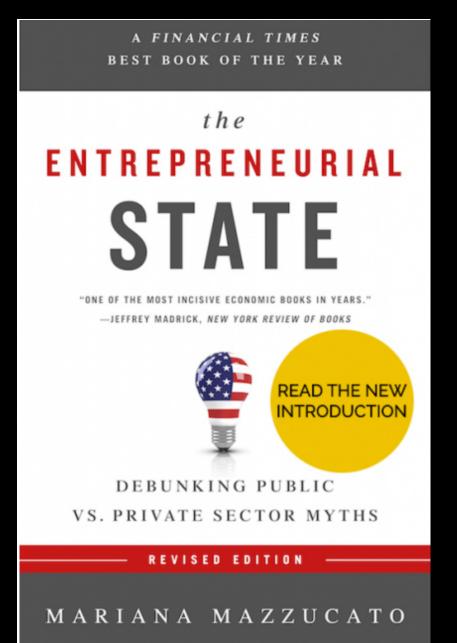
R&D fisheries assessment

Relevance

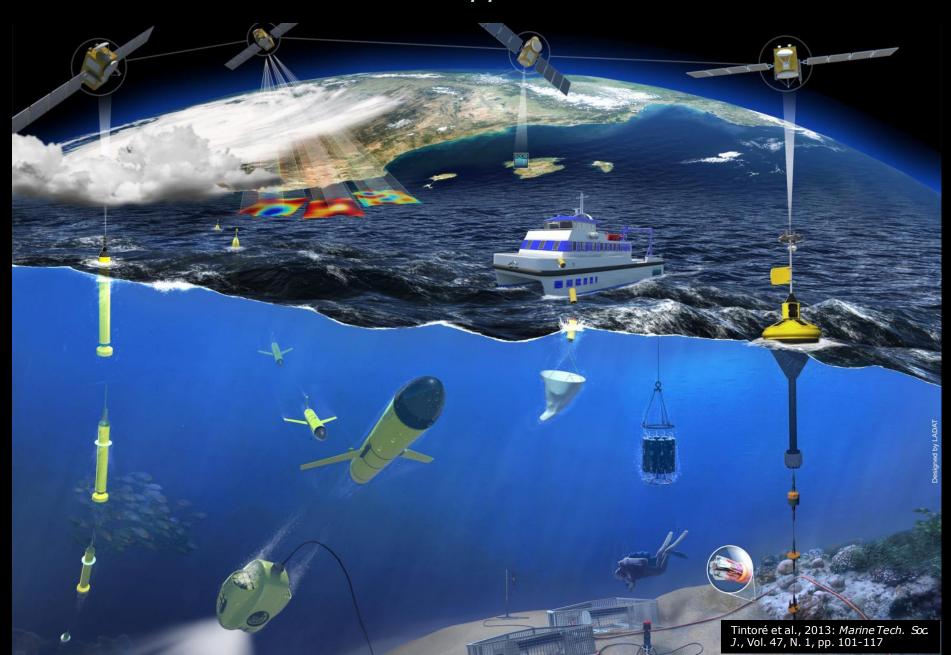


Sustain fisheries industry -traditional & advanced technological-**Ecosystem functioning and resilience**

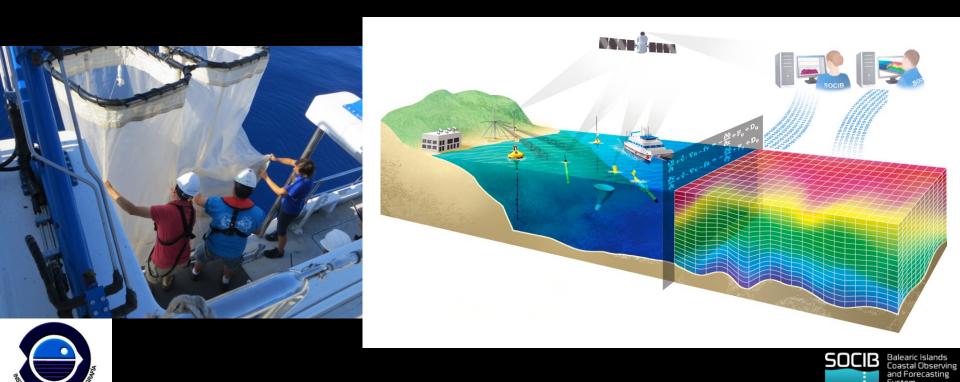
Relevance: public sector driver & mission oriented innovation



SOCIB approach

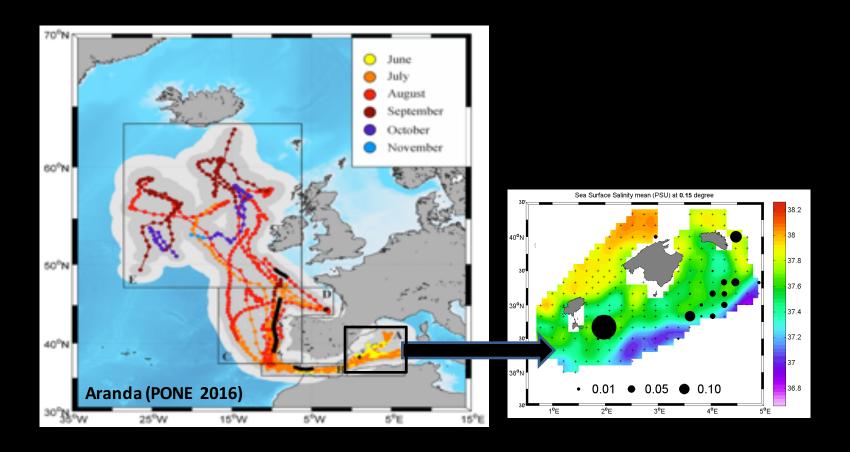


Mission oriented innovation: the Bluefin tuna focused research project



Species ecology + Operational oceanography

Context



1-Fisheries assessment relies on fish abundance indices

2-Standardization of abundances observed to the habitat is needed but not widely implemented: very relevant for Bluefin tuna

ICES Journal of Marine Science



ICES Journal of Marine Science (2016), 73(7), 1851–1862. doi:10.1093/icesjms/fsw041

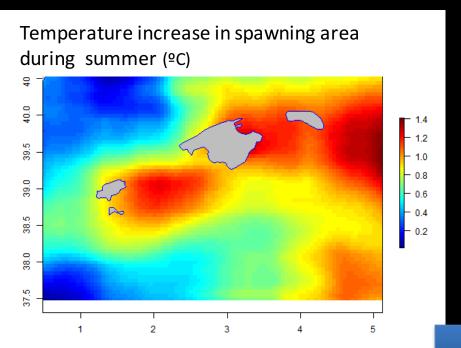
Contribution to the Themed Section: 'Seascape Ecology'

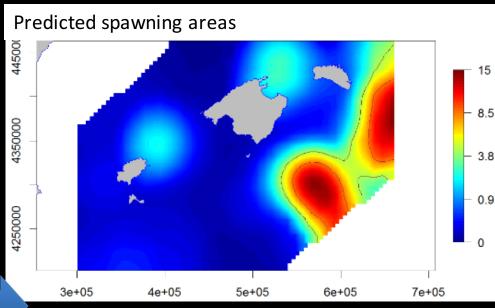
Original Article

Pelagic seascape ecology for operational fisheries oceanography: modelling and predicting spawning distribution of Atlantic bluefin tuna in Western Mediterranean

Diego Alvarez-Berastegui^{1*}, Manuel Hidalgo², María Pilar Tugores², Patricia Reglero², Alberto Aparicio-González², Lorenzo Ciannelli³, Mélanie Juza¹, Baptiste Mourre¹, Ananda Pascual⁴, José Luís López-Jurado², Alberto García⁵, José María Rodríguez⁶, Joaquín Tintoré^{1,4}, and Francisco Alemany²

Spawning Areas



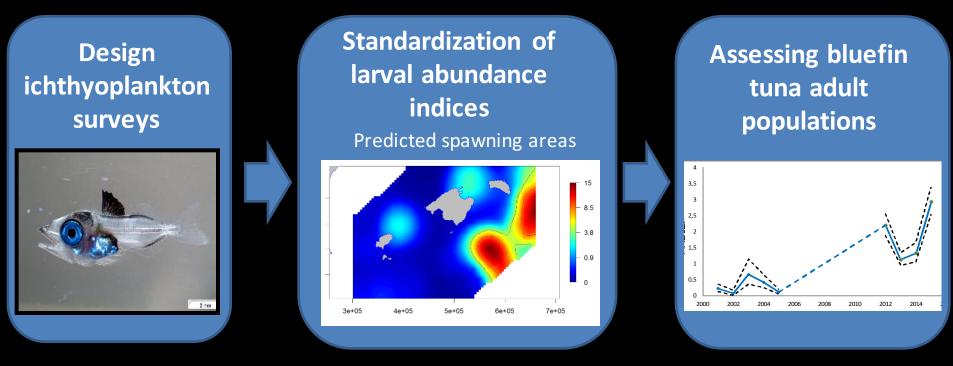


Identification of key ocean variables driving Bluefin tuna spawning ecology & developing operational oceanography products

Generalized Additive Model - GAM
Spawning areas

Application

- Development of larval abundance indices used by ICCAT since 2017 as fisheries independent index assessing spawning stock biomass
- Design Ichthyoplankton surveys



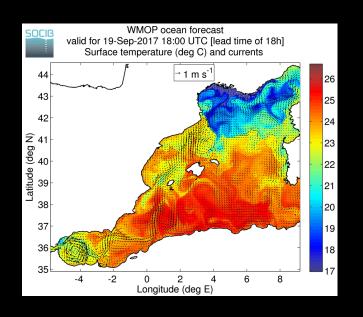
Alemany et al. 2010, Reglero et al. 2012, Alvarez-Berastegui et al. 2016; Ingram et al. 2017; Alvarez-Berastegui et al. 2017

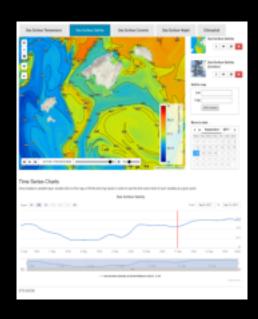
CMEMS Products Used

1-CMEMS provide:

- -Forcing conditions for High-resolution local models (WMOP)
- -Satellite Surface Chl-a (Mediterranean adjusted algorithms)
- SST

2-SOCIB develops new products for monitoring ecological relevant processes and for data exploration





Improvements Needed

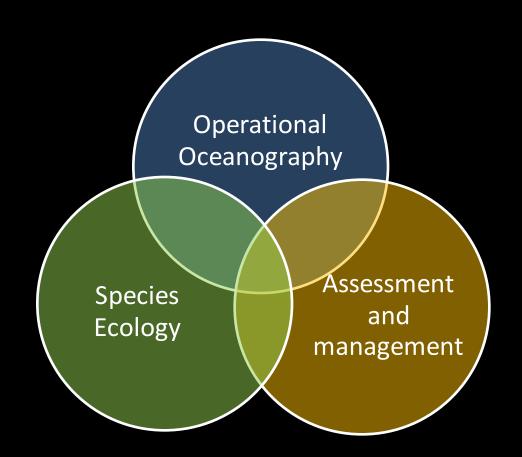
Improving multidisciplinary approach Towards mesoscale Validation









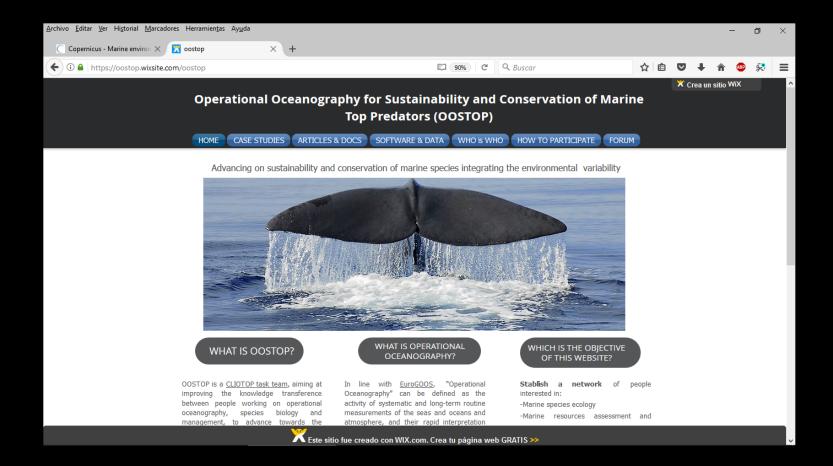


Improvements Needed









Summary

.... the sustainability of Bluefin Tuna in the Mediterranean Sea requires...:

Identify needs from assessment/managers



Identify the oceanographic processes driving species ecology



Establish operational oceanography products informing about the ecological processes identified

Three core elements for

"Operational fisheries oceanography"

Summary

- IEO develops long time monitoring of bluefin tuna reproductive ecology in the Balearic Sea
- SOCIB develops operational oceanography services targeting fisheries assessment and management institutions
- Linking species ecology and operational oceanography allowed modeling spawning areas, applied for improving the quality of larval abundance estimations used for assessment by ICCAT

Three core elements for "Operational fisheries oceanography"

Identify needs from assessment/ managers



Identify the oceanographic processes driving species ecology



Define operational oceanography products informing about the ecological processes identified

Thank you